



التقرير اليومي الخاص بأوضاع اللاجئين الفلسطينيين في سورية

Daily report on the situation of Palestinian refugees in Syria

SATURDAY 03-01-2015 NO.792

“Fears of ISIS Breaking into the Yarmouk Camp in Damascus”



- **The Civil Council in the Yarmouk Camp Demands the PLO to assume its responsibilities towards the camp**
- **The Syrian Security Arrests Palestinian Refugees in Homs, UNRWA Distributes its Aids and excepting the detainees from the Aids.**
- **Dar'aa Camp is Without Water for 263**
- **The Power Returned Back to Al Nairab Camp**
- **The High Cost of Rent Houses adds more Economic Burdens on the Palestinians of Syria**
- **The Italian Navy Rescues a Ship that Carries 450 Immigrants**

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Recent Updates

After ISIS controlled Al Zain neighborhood south of the Yarmouk camp five days ago, a state of fear prevailed the residents, factions, and groups affiliated to the Syrian armed opposition inside the camp for fear of that ISIS will break into the camp and control it, making these groups in a constant state of alert in the neighboring area of Zain neighborhood so as to prevent any proceed towards the camp.

In another context, the civil council at the Yarmouk camp demanded, in a message to the PLO and its leaders, to assume their historic and national responsibilities to break the siege, as it demanded, through its message that was published in its website, to urgently intervene to find a practical and saving solution that will guarantee the camp to continue its political role related to the right of return and to work on returning back the residents to their houses. It also stressed the need to connect with all concerned parties to put an end to the siege, difficulties, war, assassination, and arrests.

It is noteworthy that the Yarmouk camp is living under the siege of the Syrian regular army forces and the Palestinian groups loyal to it for 546 days respectively, with the continued power cut for more than 626 days, and water for 116 days respectively, in addition to the prevention of entering food and health aids for the fourth week respectively, amid fears of starvation, especially in case of stop the introduction of emergency food aid about a month ago.

In Homs, Al Aedein camp, the Syrian security forces arrested each of, the young man "Rami Mohammed AL Riffaae" on Monday 29-12-2014 and the young man "Moayad Riyad Awad" on Tuesday 30-12-2014, as the forces led the two young men to unknown destination and no news about them yet.

It is mentioned that the AGPS documented the names of 130 Palestinian refugees who are detained at Homs camp, while the total number of the Palestinian detainees, since the beginning of the war in Syria, has reached 728 detainees. On the other hand, UNRWA distributed the fourth batch of its aids to the residents of the camp, while the names of the detainees, passengers, and travelers were omitted and they were deprived of aids, the aids didn't include the financial grants.



The camp suffers of many economic crises, most prominent is the shortage of food aids, the scarcity of fuel, and the repeated and constant blackout that may reach 15 hours per day, coincided with the residents need to heating, as they resort to firewood and gas in spite of the high cost of these materials three times of its real price, as a result of the regular army checkpoints tightening of entering goods into the camp.



Distributing aids in Al Aedein camp

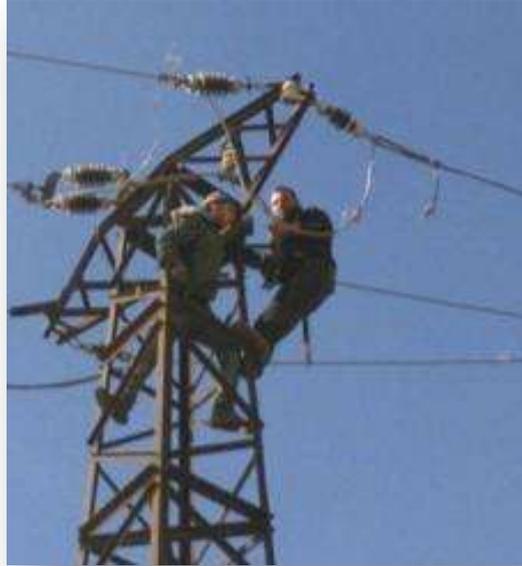
In Daraa camp south of Syria, the water cuts on the camp for 263 days respectively, forcing its residents to walk long distances to bring drinking water, putting their lives at risk because of the spread of snipers on buildings overlooking the streets of the camp.

This comes amid a number of economic and living crises suffered by people such as the lack of most basic services like hospitals, electricity and communications, and the lack of food, fuel and the high cost of their prices, citing that approximately 70% of the camp houses had become uninhabitable, due to heavy shelling over the past months, making hundreds of families to be forced to leave the camp and flee to neighboring areas fearing for their lives.

Meanwhile, the power returned back to the houses of AL Nairab camp in Aleppo after being cut for several days, while the residents resorted to use generators and to buy and hire power due to the continuous blackout. The camp is still suffering of the scarcity of fuel in addition to the high prices of firewood due to the merchant and the regular army checkpoints control of prices and the residents complains of being marginalized by



UNRWA. All of this coincided with the weakness of business, the spread of unemployment and the absence of financial sources.



Power line maintenance in AL Nairab camp

It is worth mentioning that all the Palestinian refugees, who were displaced from their camps in Syria, are suffering from many economic crises, most notably the high rents of houses, while the house rent ranges between \$ 150 and even \$ 350. this high cost of living comes in the shadow of the spread of unemployment as the most refugees have lost their jobs because of the war, it is referred that Al Zahira neighborhood, Al Maidan, JErmana, Qudseia, and Khan Dannon camp are more areas that receive refugees who were displaced from their camps.

In Italy, the Italian Navy has announced that it imposed its control over a ship that was carrying 450 migrants after being disrupted and abandoned by its crew ship on Thursday, the ship's name " Izz AL Dein" and a length of 73 meters, which is registered in Sierra Leone, and after its engine crashed, one of the passengers manage to operate its wireless device to connect to the coast Guard and inform them that the crew abandoned the ship and left the passengers to their fate.

This tragedy comes two days after the Italian navy rescued 768 illegal immigrants, mostly Syrians and Palestinians, who were on board of the



shipping ship "Blue Sky M" that raises the Moldavian flag, which was abandoned by its crew and was buffeted by waves in the Adriatic Sea off the coast of Puglia.



Death boats

The Palestinian Camps in Syria, Numbers and Statistics till 2/1/2015

- *At least 27933 Palestinian Syrian refugees have reached Europe during the last 4 years.*
- *2596 Palestinian refugees were documented by the AGPS including 157 women, 283 were killed due to torture, 268 were killed by sniper shot, 84 refugees were field executed, and 984 refugees were killed due to bombing.*
- ***The Yarmouk Camp:** - Siege, imposed by the Regular Army and PFGC, continued for 546 days respectively. In addition, power cuts continued for more than 626 days, water was cut for 116 days respectively. The number of victims due to the siege has reached 158 victims.*
- *80,000 Palestinian Syrian refugees escaped from Syria to the neighboring towns, including 14348 refugees in Jordan, 42,000 in Lebanon, according to UNRWA statistics till November 2014.*
- ***Al Husayneyya Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 448 days respectively.*
- ***Al Sbeina Camp:** - Regular Army is still preventing the residents of the camp to return back to their houses for 418 days respectively.*



<http://www.facebook.com/ActGroup.PalSyria>

- **Handarat Camp:** - Residents have left the camp for **619** days after the Syrian Opposition Groups controlled it.
- **Dara'a Camp:** - It is now almost **263** days without water and **70%** of its buildings were demolished.
- **Jermana, AL SaiedaZainab, Al Raml, Al Aedein Camps in Homs and Hamma:** - A relatively quiet situation in light of the economic crises.
- **Khan Al Sheih Camp:** - Roads linking the camp to the city center are still closed except for Zakia road.